

CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURE FORM

Each faculty presenter is required to complete this form. Refusal to disclose commercial interests will disqualify the activity from CPE accreditation. A glossary of terms is included on page 2 to assist you in completing this document.

First, list all the names of proprietary entities/ineligible companies producing, marketing, selling, re-selling, or distributing health care goods or services consumed by or used on patients with which you have, or have had, a relevant financial relationship within the past 24 months. Financial relationships of any dollar amount are defined as relevant if the educational content is related to the business lines or products of the proprietary entities/ineligible companies. (Note: Non-profit or government organizations and non-health care related companies are exempted from this policy.)

Second, describe what you received (e.g., salary, honorarium). St. Louis College of Pharmacy at UHSP does NOT require that you disclose a specific dollar amount.

hird, describe your role.		
Presenter Name:		
Presentation Title:		
Presentation Date:		
omplete the table below to disclose con the table blank, and check the box besidence.	-	any interests to disclose, you may lea
example: "Company X"	example: Honorarium	example: Speaker
☐ I have not had any relevant finan	cial relationships with any commercial	interests within the last 24 months.
n signing or typing your name below, yonowledge.	ou agree that the above information	is true and accurate to the best of yo
Signature		Date



GLOSSARY OF TERMS

What was received: Salary, royalty, intellectual property rights, consulting fee, honoraria, ownership interest (e.g. stocks, stock options or other ownership interest, excluding diversified mutual funds) or other financial benefit.

My Role(s): Employment, management position, independent contractor (including contracted research), consulting, speaking and teaching, membership on advisory committees or review panels, board membership and other activities.

Commercial Interest: The ACPE defines a "commercial interest" as any entity producing, making, reselling, or distributing health care goods or services consumed by, or used on, patients. Providers of clinical services directly to patients are not "commercial interests".

Financial Relationships: Financial relationships are those relationships in which the individual benefits by receiving a salary, royalty, intellectual property rights, consulting fee, honoraria, ownership interest (e.g. stocks, stock options or other ownership interest, excluding diversified mutual funds), or other financial benefit. Financial benefits are usually associated with roles such as employment, management position, independent contractor (including contracted research), consulting, speaking and teaching, membership on advisory committees or review panels, board membership, and other activities from which remuneration is received, or expected. ACPE considers relationships of the person involved in the CE activity to include financial relationships of a spouse or partner.

Relevant financial relationships: ACPE focuses on financial relationships with commercial interests in the 24-month period preceding the time that the individual is being asked to assume a role controlling content of the CE activity. ACPE has not set a minimal dollar amount for relationships to be significant. Inherent in any amount is the incentive to maintain or increase the value of the relationship. The ACPE defines "relevant financial relationships" as financial relationships in any amount occurring with the past 24 months that create a conflict of interest.

Conflict of interest: Circumstances create a conflict of interest when an individual has an opportunity to affect CE content about products or services of a commercial interest with which s/he has a financial relationship.

Ineligible companies: Companies whose primary business is producing, marketing, selling, re-selling, or distributing healthcare products used by or on patients (ex. advertising, marketing, or communication firms whose clients are ineligible companies; bio-medical startups that have begun a governmental regulatory approval process; compounding pharmacies that manufacture proprietary compounds; device manufacturers or distributors; diagnostic labs that sell proprietary products; growers, distributors, manufacturers or sellers of medical foods and dietary supplements; manufacturers of health-related wearable products; pharmaceutical companies or distributors; pharmacy benefit managers; reagent manufacturers or sellers)